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Mathinks

# MATHLINKS: GRADE 6 STUDENT PACKET 8 DECIMAL OPERATIONS 

8.1 A Checking Account ..... 1

- Write decimals using words and numbers.
- Add and subtract multi-digit decimals using mental math and the standard algorithms.
- Write checks.
- Keep accurate records in a check register.
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- Explore various models for decimal multiplication.- Understand the standard algorithm for decimal multiplication.- Multiply decimals.
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## WORD BANK

| Word or Phrase | Definition or Description | Example or Diagram |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| addend |  |  |
| decimal |  |  |
| difference |  |  |
| dividend |  |  |
| divisor |  |  |
| factor |  |  |
| muotient |  |  |
| minuend |  |  |
| sum |  |  |

## A CHECKING ACCOUNT

## Summary

We will add and subtract decimal numbers. We will learn to maintain a check register and write checks.

## Goals

Write decimals using words and numbers.
Add and subtract multi-digit decimals using mental math and the standard algorithms. Write checks.
Keep accurate records in a check register.

## Warmup

Write each dollar amount in words.

| 1. $\$ 104$ | 2. $\$ 400.35$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3. $\$ 693.07$ | 4. $\$ 2,048.00$ |

5. Find the sum of the amounts in problems 1 through 3.
6. Subtract the sum you found in problem 5 from the amount in problem 4.

Write each expanded form number in its standard form.
7. $8+0.06+0.005$
8. $200+3+0.09$

## ADDING DECIMALS

## STANDARD ALGORITHM FOR DECIMAL ADDITION

- Set up each problem in columns, with place values lined up to add tens with tens, ones with ones, tenths with tenths, etc. When the digits are properly lined up, the decimal points will also line up.
- (Optional) Include trailing zeroes to the right of the decimal points as place holders if needed, as in this problem where 1 thousandth is
- Add with regrouping as usual. Because the place values in the sum line up with the place values in the two addends, the decimal point in the sum will line up with the decimal points in the addends.

1. Why do we line up the decimals points to add?

Compute.

| 2. | $129.6+7.58$ | 3. | $7.456+0.67$ | 4. | $88.3+29.6$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | $4.56+1.097$ | 6. | $234+79.2$ | 7. | $0.02837+0.196$ |

Challenge: Compute mentally.
$0.8+1.4$
$0.52+0.519$

## SUBTRACTING DECIMALS

## STANDARD ALGORITHM FOR DECIMAL SUBTRACTION

- Set up the problem in columns, with place values lined up to subtract tens from tens, ones from ones, tenths from tenths, etc. When the digits are properly lined up, the decimal points will also line up.
- Include trailing zeroes to the right of the decimal point as place holders in the minuend (top number) as needed to line up with any trailing nonzero digit in the subtrahend (bottom number).
3.89
- Subtract as though the decimal points are not there. When done calculating, place the decimal point in the difference directly below the decimal points in the problem.

1. Why do we line up the decimals points to subtract?

## Compute.

| 2. $52.17-4.6$ | 3. | $0.672-0.19$ | 4. | $8.135-0.44$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | $0.672-0.19$ | 6. | $19.04-2.11$ | 7. | $827-58.2$ |

Challenge: Try to compute the following mentally.
4.86-1.56
$0.52-0.519$

## UNCLE CHARLIE NEEDS YOUR HELP

Uncle Charlie recently broke his hand, and he is unable to write checks and keep his check register up to date. He needs your help. Before you begin, you will need to know some vocabulary associated with checking accounts.

Fill in the crossword puzzle using the clues below.


ACROSS

1. A bank account in which you put money so you can write checks
2. To put money into an account
3. A document that orders a bank to pay the amount specified from an account

DOWN

1. This allows you to keep track of your transactions
2. Any type of deposit
3. The current amount of money in an account
4. A deduction from a bank account
5. For example, depositing money or writing a check

|  | Word List |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| deposit | check | balance |
| check register | credit | debit |
| transaction | checking account |  |

## CHARLIE'S CHECK REGISTER

A check register is a document where you keep track of the transactions that take place in a checking account.

- When you write a check, you record it in the "debit" column and subtract that amount from the current balance.
- When you make a deposit, you record it in the "credit" column and add that amount to the current balance.

1. Here is the latest page in Charlie's check register. Complete the additions and subtractions as needed, and find the balance.

| Check Register |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Check } \\ & \text { Number } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Date | Description of Transaction <br> beginning balance | Debit (-) |  | Credit (+) |  |  | Balance |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 654 | 33 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 135 | March 6 | TV Superstore | 244 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 136 | March 7 | Stop ' n Shop | 18 | 86 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | March 12 | Deposit - paycheck |  |  | 566 | 20 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137 | March 20 | The-Cleaner Cleaners | 30 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2. Charlie tells you that he forgot to record the following checks. Record them in the register and compute his new balance.

- Check \#138 on April 1 to the Big Buy Store for $\$ 10.45$
- Check \#139 on April 15 to the County Tax Collector for $\$ 135.08$

3. Charlie also made a deposit that he did not yet record for $\$ 350$ on April 17. Record this deposit in the register and compute the current balance.

## WRITING CHECKS FOR CHARLIE

Charlie has arranged with the bank for you to write checks for him. Use today's date and sign your own name to the check.

1. Write check \#140 to the Stop 'n Shop for $\$ 105.06$.

2. Write check \#141 to the Angel City Post Office for $\$ 42.00$.

| Charlie Stern | Date |  | 141 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10000 W. Wilshire BIvd Angel City, CA 90024 |  |  |  |
| Pay to the Order of |  | \$ |  |
|  |  | dollars |  |
| First Bank of AC 2000 Westwood Blvd. Angel City, CA 90024 <br> For |  |  |  |

3. Record these checks in the check register on the previous page, and compute Charlie's new balance.
4. Why do you subtract check amounts from your balance?

## PRACTICE WITH CHECKING ACCOUNTS

1. In October, Gail completed the following transactions. Record the checks and the deposit, and find her current balance.

- Check \#833 on October 5 to Corner Grocery Store for $\$ 18.45$
- Check \#834 on October 10 to Party Store for $\$ 82.75$
- Check \#835 on October 20 to Economy Oil for $\$ 40.10$
- Deposit on October 15 for $\$ 255$


2. Gail has arranged with the bank for you to write checks for her. Use today's date and sign your own name to the check. Include it in the check register above, and calculate the new balance.

Write check \#836 to Super Electronics for \$105.00.

```
Gail B
Date

4321 Florentine Road
Bakertown, CA 91010
Pay to the

\section*{\$}

Order of \(\qquad\)
dollars


\section*{Anytown Credit Union}

1100 Lincoln Street.
Bakertown, CA 91010
For \(\qquad\)
3. For what kind of transaction do you add the amount to your balance?

\section*{DECIMAL MULTIPLICATION}

\section*{Summary}

We will explore decimal multiplication using repeated addition, an area model, and decimal-fraction equivalence.

\section*{Goals}
- Explore various models for decimal multiplication.
- Understand the standard algorithm for decimal multiplication.
- Multiply decimals.
1. Multiply \(5\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)\) using repeated addition.

Then check using the fraction "multiply across" rule.
2. Multiply \(\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3}\) using an area model. Then check using the fraction "multiply across" rule.

Compute each sum, mentally if possible.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|ll|}
\hline \(3.4+0.4\) & 4. & \(0.6+0.6+0.6\) & 5. & \(1.4+1.4+1.4\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DECIMAL MULTIPLICATION: THREE MODELS}

One way to interpret the product of a whole number and a decimal is to form equal groups. Use repeated addition with a diagram to find each product.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.
\[
\begin{aligned}
&(2)(0.3) \\
& 0.3 \\
&+0.3 \\
& 0.6 \square \\
& 0.0 .3
\end{aligned}
\] & 2.
\[
\begin{array}{r}
(3)(0.4) \\
0 \\
0 \\
+\quad 0 .
\end{array}
\] &  & & (2)(1.7) \\
\hline 4. \((5)(3.035)\) & 5. (4)(2.6) & & 6. & (4)(0.64) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

A second way to interpret multiplication of decimals is by using an area model. Use an area diagram to illustrate each product. Draw in lines to show a hundred grid if needed.


\section*{DECIMAL MULTIPLICATION: THREE MODELS (Continued)}

A third way to interpret decimal multiplication is by using fraction equivalents.
8. Multiply (0.03) • (0.2)

The fraction equivalent for 0.03 is
The fraction equivalent for 0.2 is


Therefore, \((0.03) \cdot(0.2)=\)

\(=\xrightarrow[\text { decimal }]{ }\), ,
so \((0.03) \cdot(0.2)=\) \(\qquad\)

Look at the number of digits to the right of the decimal point in the previous problems.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 9. & For problem \#3 number of digits to right of decimal point & \[
\begin{gathered}
2 \\
0 \text { digits }
\end{gathered}
\] & \(\times\) & \[
\begin{gathered}
1.7 \\
1 \text { digit }
\end{gathered}
\] & = & 1 digit \\
\hline 10. & For problem \#7 number of digits to right of decimal point & \[
\begin{gathered}
0.2 \\
\ldots \text { digit(s) }
\end{gathered}
\] & \(\times\) & \[
\begin{gathered}
0.4 \\
\quad \text { digit(s) }
\end{gathered}
\] & = & _ digit(s) \\
\hline 11. & For problem \#10 number of digits to right of decimal point & \[
\begin{gathered}
0.2 \\
\quad \text { digit(s) }
\end{gathered}
\] & \(\times\) & \[
\begin{gathered}
0.03 \\
-\operatorname{digit(s)}
\end{gathered}
\] & = & \[
\overline{\quad \operatorname{digit(s)}}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STANDARD ALGORITHM (RULE) FOR DECIMAL MULTIPLICATION}
- Multiply, ignoring the placement of the decimal points.
- Then put the decimal point in the product. The product will have as many places to the right of the decimal point as the two original factors 4.05
\(\times \quad 4\) combined.

170
\(\begin{array}{r}13.60 \\ \hline\end{array}\)
13.770
14. Write the standard algorithm (rule) for decimal multiplication in your own words.

\section*{DECIMAL MULTIPLICATION PRACTICE 1}

Find each product using the method indicated.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline 1. Use repeated addition. \\
(6)(0.4)
\end{tabular}\(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
Use the decimal multiplication rule. \\
\(6 \times 0.4\)
\end{tabular}

Use any method to compute.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|ll|}
\hline 4. \(126(0.79)\) & 5. & \((6.8)(0.73)\) & \(6.6 \times 8.7\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DECIMAL MULTIPLICATION PRACTICE 2}

Multiply mentally. Apply the decimal multiplication rule to place the decimal point.
\begin{tabular}{|ll|ll|ll|ll|}
\hline 1. & \(0.4 \times 0.2\) & 2. & \(0.04 \times 0.2\) & 3. & \(0.4 \times 0.02\) & 4. & \(1.4 \times 0.2\) \\
\hline 5. & \((0.6)(0.3)\) & 6. & \((0.06)(0.3)\) & 7. & \((0.6)(0.03)\) & 8. & \((2.5)(0.3)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Compute using the decimal multiplication rule.
9.
\(0.41 \times 0.23\)
10.
\(4.1 \times 0.23\)
11. \(0.41 \times 2.3\)
12. Circle the words that best describe the rule for multiplying decimals.

To multiply decimals vertically, line up the numbers on the right / left.
Aligning the decimal points is required / not required.
The number of digits to the right / left of the decimal point in the product is equal to the sum / product of the number of digits to the right of the decimal point in each factor.

Compute.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|ll|}
\hline 13. & \((57)(0.7)\) & 14. & \((8.3)(4.12)\) & 15. \\
& & \((0.014)(0.96)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MULTIPLYING BY 10, 100, AND 1,000}

Use your knowledge of whole number multiplication and the decimal multiplication rule to find the following products.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Original number & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Original number \\
times \(\mathbf{1 0}\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Original number \\
times \(\mathbf{1 0 0}\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Original number \\
times \(\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 1. & 9 & & \\
\hline 2. & 57 & & \\
\hline 3. & 0.9 & & \\
\hline 4. & 5.7 & & \\
\hline 5. & 0.09 & & \\
\hline 6. & 0.57 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
7. Describe a shortcut for multiplying a decimal number by 10.
8. Describe a shortcut for multiplying a decimal number by 100.

Use the shortcuts stated above to compute the following mentally.
\begin{tabular}{|ll|ll|ll|ll|}
\hline 9. & \(0.6 \times 10\) & 10. & \(1.6 \times 10\) & 11. & \(0.16 \times 10\) & 12. & \(0.016 \times 10\) \\
\hline 13. & \((51.2)(100)\) & 14. & \((0.512)(100)\) & 15. & \((5.12)(100)\) & 16. & \((0.00512)(100)\) \\
\hline 17. & \(0.47 \times 1,000\) & 18. & \(4.7 \times 1,000\) & 19. & \(0.047 \times 1,000\) & 20. & \(0.0047 \times 1,000\) \\
\hline 21. & \((0.4)(20)\) & 22. & \((1.5)(20)\) & 23. & \((0.4)(300)\) & 24. & \((0.12)(3,000)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DECIMAL DIVISION}

\section*{Summary}

We will explore concepts related to decimal division and establish an algorithm for it. We will use decimals to solve a problem.

\section*{Goals}
- Explore decimal division.
- Understand the standard algorithm for decimal division.
- Divide decimals.
- Solve a problem involving decimals.

\section*{Warmup}

Use a sense-making strategy, a diagram, or a table to find the following.
1. Four friends share \(\$ 3.00\) so that each one gets the same amount. How much will each friend get?
2. Four friends share \(\$ 3.12\) so that each one gets the same amount. How much will each friend get?
3. Why are the following numbers equivalent?

3
3.0
3.00
4. Write the division statement \(\frac{3}{4}=0.75\) in three different ways.
\(\qquad\) divided by \(\qquad\) is \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) \(\div\) \(\qquad\) \(=\) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
5. In the division statement \(4 \longdiv { 3 }\), what is ...
the dividend? \(\qquad\) the divisor? \(\qquad\) the quotient? \(\qquad\)

\section*{QUOTIENTS THAT INVOLVE DECIMALS}
1. Use the standard long division algorithm.
2. Look back at problem 2 in the warmup on page 14. Use your answer to determine the correct place for the decimal point in the quotient.
\(4 \longdiv { 3 . 1 2 }\)
3. Where did you place the decimal point in problem 2 so that the solution makes sense?
4. Use the standard long division algorithm.
5. Look back at problem 1 in the warmup on page 14. Use your answer to determine the correct place for the decimal point in the quotient.
\(4 \longdiv { 3 . 0 0 }\)
6. Where did you place the decimal point in problem 5 so that the solution makes sense?
7. Change \(\frac{3}{8}\) to a decimal.
\[
\frac{3}{8} \cdot \square=\square \frac{}{1000}=\frac{\square}{\text { decimal }}
\]
8. Use long division to compute, and place the decimal appropriately.
\(8 \longdiv { 3 }\)
9. When dividing by a whole number using the standard algorithm, where do you place the decimal point in the quotient?

\section*{PRACTICE 1}
1. Write the division statement " 7 divided by
20 equals 0.35 " in three different ways.
3. Write \(\frac{3}{20}\) as a decimal. \(\frac{3}{20}\left(\frac{5}{5}\right)=\frac{\square}{100}=\)

Verify the result with division.

\section*{\(2 0 \longdiv { 3 }\)}
5. Write \(\frac{5}{8}\) as a decimal.
2. Five friends go to lunch and share the cost equally. If the lunch bill is \(\$ 31.30\), how much will each friend pay?
4. Write \(\frac{5}{8}\) as a decimal.
\[
\frac{5}{8}(-)=\frac{\square}{1000}=
\]
\(\qquad\)

Verify the result with division.
\(2 0 \longdiv { 3 }\)
6. Write \(\frac{2}{3}\) as a decimal.
7. Circle the numbers that are equivalent to 14.3 .
\[
\begin{array}{llllll}
014.3 & 104.3 & 140.3 & 14.30 & 14.300 & 14.3000
\end{array}
\]

Choose one of the circled numbers above and explain how you know it is equivalent to 14.3.

\section*{DIVISION BY A DECIMAL}
1. How many nickels are in \(\$ 0.45\) ? Draw a diagram to show the solution to this problem.
2. How many groups of 0.05 are in 0.45 ?

Multiply: \(\left(\frac{0.45}{0.05}\right)\left(\frac{100}{100}\right)\)

Why is \(0 . 0 5 \longdiv { 0 . 4 5 }\) equivalent to \(5 \longdiv { 4 5 }\) ?
3. To show that we are multiplying the divisor and dividend by 100, we draw arrows to indicate relocation of the decimal point. This makes the divisor a whole number.

Relocate decimal points in the divisor and dividend. Locate the decimal point in the quotient. Complete the division problem.
\(0 . 0 5 \longdiv { 0 . 4 5 }\)
4. How many dimes are in \(\$ 1.80\) ? Draw a diagram to show the solution to this problem.
5. How many groups of 0.10 are in \(1.80 ?\)

Multiply: \(\left(\frac{1.80}{0.10}\right)\left(\frac{10}{10}\right)\)

Why is \(0 . 1 0 \longdiv { 1 . 8 0 }\) equivalent to \(1 \longdiv { 1 8 }\) ?
6. To show that we are multiplying the divisor and dividend by 10, we draw arrows to indicate relocation of the decimal point. This makes the divisor a whole number.

Relocate decimal points in the divisor and dividend. Locate the decimal point in the quotient. Complete the division.
\[
0 \underset { \sim } { 1 } 0 \longdiv { 1 \mathcal { G } ^ { 8 0 } }
\]

\section*{DIVISION BY A DECIMAL (Continued)}
7. How many quarters are in \(\$ 4\) ? Draw a diagram to show the solution to this problem.
8. How many groups of 0.25 are in 4 ?
Multiply: \(\left(\frac{4}{0.25}\right)\left(\frac{100}{100}\right)\)

Why is \(0 . 2 5 \longdiv { 4 }\) equivalent to \(2 5 \longdiv { 4 0 0 }\) ?
9. To show that we are multiplying the divisor and dividend by 100, we draw arrows to indicate relocation of the decimal point. This makes the divisor a whole number.

Relocate decimal points in the divisor and dividend. Locate the decimal point in the quotient. Complete the division.
\[
0 . 2 5 \longdiv { 4 }
\]

Hint: Include placeholder zeroes.

\section*{STANDARD ALGORITHM FOR DECIMAL DIVISION}
- Multiply the divisor and dividend by the same power of 10 ( \(10,100,1000\), etc.) so that the divisor is a whole number.
\(0 . 0 2 \longdiv { 0 . 3 5 8 }\)
- Divide as usual, lining up the digits of the quotient above the dividend so that the tens line up with tens, ones with ones, tenths with tenths, and so on. Place the decimal in the quotient in the same location as the dividend.
10. Explain the standard algorithm for decimal division in your own words.
17.9
35.8
-2
15
\(-14\)
18
\begin{tabular}{l}
-18 \\
\hline 0
\end{tabular}

\section*{PRACTICE 2}

7. Dee Harmon thinks that division makes things smaller. Is she always correct, sometimes correct, or never correct? Explain.

\section*{POSTER PROBLEMS}

Part 1: Your teacher will divide you into groups.
- Identify members of your group as A, B, C, or D. I am group member \(\qquad\) .
- Each group will start at a numbered poster. Our group start poster is \(\qquad\) .
- Each group will have a different color marker. Our group marker is \(\qquad\) .

Part 2: Answer the problems on posters by following the directions of your teacher.
Part 3: Return to your seats.

Our group started at poster \(\qquad\) Refer to this poster. Do work on this paper.
1. Check the work done on this problem. If there are any errors, show the corrections.
2. Give feedback on the overall quality of the work by identifying one way in which the work is very good and suggesting one way that the work could be improved.

If your group started with problems 1 or 2 , use problem 4 here. If your group started with problems 3 or 4 , use problem 2 here.
3. The question asks, "How much will be left over?" Use the solutions from Part B and Part C to answer this question in two different ways.

\section*{IT'S COOKIE TIME}

Here is a delicious recipe for healthy macaroons. It makes 8 dozen \((8 \times 12)\) cookies.

YIELD: Makes 8 dozen
INGREDIENTS:
8 egg whites
\(1 / 4\) teaspoon salt
2 tablespoons vanilla extract
3 cups sugar
4 cups coconut flakes
7 cups bran flakes

DIRECTIONS:
Preheat oven to \(350^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\).

In a bowl, beat the egg whites, salt, and vanilla until foamy. Gradually add the sugar and beat until stiff and glossy. Gently fold in the coconut and bran flakes.

Prepare a sheet pan lined with parchment and sprayed with vegetable spray. Drop 1 ounce portions of macaroon mix about 2 inches apart on the baking pan and bake in a preheated oven 12-15 minutes until golden. Allow to cool on sheet pan.
1. Suppose you wanted to make different numbers of cookies. Calculate the quantities of ingredient needed.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 8 dozen & 4 dozen & 16 dozen & 3 dozen & 1 dozen \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
number of \\
cookies
\end{tabular} & 96 & & & & \\
\hline egg whites & & & & & \\
\hline salt & & & & & \\
\hline vanilla extract & & & & & \\
\hline sugar & & & & & \\
\hline coconut & & & & & \\
\hline bran flakes & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{IT'S COOKIE TIME (Continued)}

Here are the costs of ingredients at the local Stop ' n Shop. There is no tax on groceries. Only these quantities are available.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
Coconut Flakes \\
\(\$ 3\) for 1 cup \\
\(\$ 4\) for 2 cups
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Vanilla Extract \\
\(\$ 3\) for 2 oz. \\
\(\$ 2\) for 1 oz.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Sugar \\
\(\$ 1.50\) per pound \\
\((1\) pound \(=31 / 2\) cups \()\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Salt & Eggs & \\
\(\$ 1.99\) for 28 oz. & \(\$ 3.75\) for one dozen & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Bran Flakes \\
\\
\(\$ 2.50\) for half-dozen
\end{tabular} \\
\(\$ 0.75\) per cup \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. You already have salt, but need to purchase the other ingredients. Calculate the cost of purchasing all the other ingredients. Try to minimize leftover ingredients. Round all costs to the nearest penny. Find the total cost for each quantity of cookies and the cost per cookie.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline egg whites & 8 dozen & 4 dozen & 16 dozen & 3 dozen & 1 dozen \\
\hline vanilla extract & & & & & \\
\hline sugar & & & & & \\
\hline coconut & & & & & \\
\hline bran flakes & & & & & \\
\hline TOTAL COST & & & & & \\
\hline COST per COOKIE & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. Suppose you had a cookie sale and wanted to raise \(\$ 50\) for a school party. How many cookies would you make, and for how much would you sell them?

\section*{SKILL BUILDERS, VOCABULARY, AND REVIEW}

\section*{SKILL BUILDER 1}
1. Which of the following expressions are equivalent to \(3 \times 2 \frac{1}{5}\) ? Choose all that apply.
A. \(3\left(2+\frac{1}{5}\right)\)
B. \(2 \frac{1}{5}+2 \frac{1}{5}+2 \frac{1}{5}\)
C. \(2 \frac{1}{5} \times 2 \frac{1}{5} \times 2 \frac{1}{5}\)
D. \(6 \frac{1}{5}\)

Use grouping symbols to make each of the following equations true. If the statement is already true, write none needed.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline 2. \(8+2 \div 6-1=2\) & 3. \(39+5-3^{2}=13\) \\
\hline 4. \(4+6 \div 2-2=5\) & 5. \(3-1^{2}+5-2^{3}=1\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Find the following quotients. Round to the nearest tenth.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|}
\hline \(6.342 \div 17\) & 7. & \(\frac{4242}{12}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
8. Use a metric ruler to measure the dimensions of this page to the nearest centimeter. Then find the perimeter of this page.

\section*{SKILL BUILDER 2}

Ervin conducted an experiment to see if left-handed and right-handed students wrote at the same speed. He recorded the number of seconds it took 24 different students to write the alphabet. His data is in the tables below.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Left-Handed Students } \\
\hline 12 & 15 & 13 & 12 \\
\hline 15 & 14 & 17 & 20 \\
\hline 15 & 16 & 17 & 17 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1. Construct a dot plot for each data set.


Left-Handed Students
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Right-Handed Students } \\
\hline 11 & 13 & 15 & 14 \\
\hline 13 & 10 & 17 & 18 \\
\hline 14 & 17 & 16 & 16 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Right-Handed Students
2. Does the data suggest that the left-handed and right-handed students in this sample set write at the same speed? Explain your reasoning using statistical evidence.

Use mental math strategies to calculate the following sums and differences without rewriting the mixed numbers as improper fractions.
\begin{tabular}{|ll|l|ll|}
\hline 3. & \(3 \frac{1}{3}+2 \frac{1}{3}\) & 4. & \(5 \frac{3}{4}+2 \frac{1}{4}\) & 5. \\
\hline & & \(5+3 \frac{3}{4}\) \\
\hline 6. & \(2 \frac{2}{3}-\frac{1}{3}\) & 7. & \(7 \frac{7}{8}-5 \frac{3}{8}-1\) & 8. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SKILL BUILDER 3}
1. Explain why you need to line up decimal points when adding and subtracting decimals.
2. Identify which of the following addition problems is written correctly. Then find the sum.
\begin{tabular}{crc}
30.24 & 30.24 & 30.24 \\
+125.731 & +125.731 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Rewrite each addition problem vertically. Then find the sums.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|l|}
\hline \(3.256+10.3\) & 4. & \(0.45+7\) & 5. \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Rewrite each subtraction problem vertically. Then find the differences.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|ll|}
\hline 6. & \(12.045-8.02\) & 7. & \(923.05-23.7\) & 8. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SKILL BUILDER 4}

Compute the following.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|ll|}
\hline 1. \(\$ 5.43+\$ 33.09\) & 2. & \(\$ 103.30-\$ 67.89\) & 3. & \(\$ 56.78-\$ 4.50+\$ 120\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
10. Lorenzo has \(\$ 456.78\) in his checking account. He buys a surfboard for \(\$ 399.99\) and some board shorts for \(\$ 35.79\). What is his balance after these purchases?

\section*{SKILL BUILDER 5}

Find the products.


Use the area model to illustrate each product.
7. \(0.6 \times 0.2\)

8. \(0.3 \times 0.8\)

9. Change the numbers in problem 8 to fractions before multiplying. Then, change the product back to a decimal. Does your answer agree with your answer to problem 8 ?

\section*{SKILL BUILDER 6}

Use any method to compute.


Use mental math to compute the following products.
\begin{tabular}{|lc|c|c|c|}
\hline Original number & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Original number \\
times 10
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Original number \\
times 100
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Original number \\
times \(\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 4. & 25 & & & \\
\hline 5. & 32.1 & & & \\
\hline 6. & 0.87 & & & \\
\hline 7. & 30.405 & & & \\
\hline 8. & 0.09014 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
9. Six friends went out to dinner. They want to split the \(\$ 123.36\) bill equally. How much should each person pay?
10. Write the division statement " 4 divided by 5 equals 0.8 " using three different division symbols.
11. Use the division algorithm to write \(\frac{2}{5}\) as a decimal. Then compare how this decimal relates to the decimal in problem 10.

\section*{SKILL BUILDER 7}

\section*{1. Write the division statement \(\frac{2.8}{0.7}=4\) in three other ways.}
2. Circle the numbers or expressions that are equivalent to 8.060
08.060
8.06
80.60
00008.0600000
\(8+0.06\)
\(4.3+4.3\)

Explain how you know the numbers not circled are not equivalent to 8.060.
3. Show that \(0 . 1 2 \longdiv { 3 . 6 2 4 }\) is not equivalent to \(0 . 1 2 \longdiv { 3 6 2 4 }\).
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline 4. Compute. \(\frac{23.12}{1.7}\) & 5. Compute. \(341.76 \div 23.1\) & \begin{tabular}{l} 
6. Use division to find how \\
many quarters there are \\
in \(\$ 12.50\).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Compute.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|l|}
\hline 7. \(\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{5}{7}\) & 8. \(4 \frac{2}{7} \div 1 \frac{3}{7}\) & 9. \(\left(4 \frac{3}{5}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{8}\right)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{FOCUS ON VOCABULARY}

Name each of the parts of the computation problems below.


\section*{SELECTED RESPONSE}

Show your work on a separate sheet of paper.
1. Which of the following is the sum of 5.123 and 62.8 ?
A. 11.403
B. 5.751
C. 57.51
D. 67.923
2. Find the difference. \(6.543-0.31\)
A. 3.443
B. 6.233
C. 6.532
D. None of these.
3. Find the product. \(3.2 \times 0.3\)
A. 0.096
B. 0.96
C. 9.6
D. 96
4. Stefano was trying to find out how many nickels are in \(\$ 200\). Which of the following division problems will give him the right answer? Choose all that apply.
A. \(\frac{200}{5}\)
B. \(5 \longdiv { 2 0 0 }\)
C. \(5 \longdiv { 2 0 0 0 0 }\)
D. \(\frac{2000}{5}\)
5. Use the division algorithm to find the equivalent decimal value of \(\frac{1}{8}\).
A. 12.5
B. 1.25
C. 0.125
D. 0.0125
6. Find the quotient. \(58.5 \div 2.34\)
A. 2.50
B. 0.25
C. 25
D. 250

\section*{KNOWLEDGE CHECK}

Show your work on a separate sheet of paper and write your answers on this page.
8.1 A Checking Account
1. Compute. \(312.4+7+0.56+1.005\)
2. Compute. \(500.10-7.893\)
3. At the beginning of the month, Harvey had \(\$ 345.67\) in his checking account. His credits for the month totaled \(\$ 567.89\). His debits totaled \(\$ 705\).

What is his balance at the end of the month?

\subsection*{8.2 Decimal Multiplication}

Use any method to compute.
4. \(120 \times 0.75\)
5. \(6.43 \times 2.05\)
6. \(71 \times 0.005\)

\subsection*{8.3 Decimal Division}

Use any method to compute.
7. 71.3 divided by 3.1
8. \(76.5 \div 3\)
9. \(\quad 3 . 1 2 3 \longdiv { 6 2 4 . 6 }\)

\section*{HOME SCHOOL CONNECTION}

Here are some problems to review with your young mathematician.
1. Help Amanda complete her check register and calculate the new balance.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|c|}{Check Register} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\hline \text { Check } \\
\text { Number } \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Date} & Description of Transaction & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Debit (-)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Credit (+)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Balance} \\
\hline & & Beginning balance & & & & & \$302 & 10 \\
\hline 101 & May 3 & Grocery Store & 58 & 33 & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & May 5 & Birthday gift from Grandma & & & 50 & 00 & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & May 6 & Deposit - Paycheck & & & 234 & 90 & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 102 & May 10 & Movie Tickets and Popcorn & 17 & 09 & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. How much does she need to save before she can buy a plane ticket to Hawaii that costs \(\$ 640.78\) ?
3. Compute. \(0.67 \times 1.1\)
4. Compute. \(105.041 \div 45.67\)

\section*{COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS - MATHEMATICS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{STANDARDS FOR MATHEMATICAL CONTENT} \\
\hline 5.NBT.1* & Recognize that in a multi-digit number, a represents in the place to its right and 1/10 & digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it 10 of what it represents in the place to its left. \\
\hline 5.NBT.2* & Explain patterns in the number of zeros 10, and explain patterns in the placemen divided by a power of 10 . Use whole-num & of the product when multiplying a number by powers of t of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or nber exponents to denote powers of 10 . \\
\hline 5.NBT.4* & Use place value understanding to round & decimals to any place. \\
\hline 5.NBT.5* & Fluently multiply multi-digit whole numbe & rs using the standard algorithm. \\
\hline 5.NBT.6* & Find whole-number quotients of whole nu divisors, using strategies based on place relationship between multiplication and di equations, rectangular arrays, and/or are & umbers with up to four-digit dividends and two-digit value, the properties of operations, and/or the division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using a models. \\
\hline 5.NBT.7* & Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decim and strategies based on place value, pro addition and subtraction; relate the strate & als to hundredths, using concrete models or drawings perties of operations, and/or the relationship between gy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. \\
\hline 6.NS. 2 & Fluently divide multi-digit numbers using & the standard algorithm. \\
\hline 6.NS. 3 & Fluently add, subtract, multiply, and divid each operation. & e multi-digit decimals using the standard algorithm for \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{*Review of content essential for success in \(6^{\text {th }}\) grade.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{STANDARDS FOR MATHEMATICAL PRACTICE} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{MP1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{MP5 Use appropriate tools strategically.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{MP7 Look for and make use of structure.} \\
\hline MP8 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}```

